

GPUdb

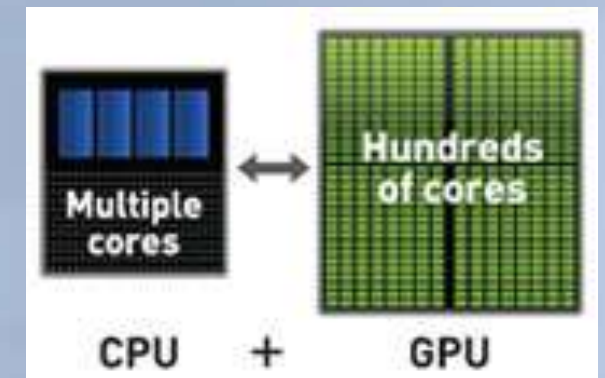
A distributed database for many-core devices

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- A distributed database designed around taking advantage of many-core devices such as GPUs, Intel Xeon Phi, and traditional x86 devices
- Capabilities of GPUdb stem from second generation big data needs of the DoD and Intelligence community
- GPUdb re-introduces SQL style functions on the big data scale with no pre-indexing or costly custom index development

GPU Supercomputing Cloud Overview

- Graphics Processing Units (GPU) based supercomputing power in the cloud
 - General Purpose Graphic Units (GP-GPUs) used for problems requiring floating point computations
 - Tremendous gains in computing power
 - Great reductions in hardware and power
 - 1/10th cost of comparable server/cluster/supercomputer
 - 1/20th the power consumption
- GIGA-threading per node vs. multi-threading per node
- Use CPUs + GPUs
- NVidia Kepler based hardware 20X the double precision horsepower of a quad-core x86 CPU



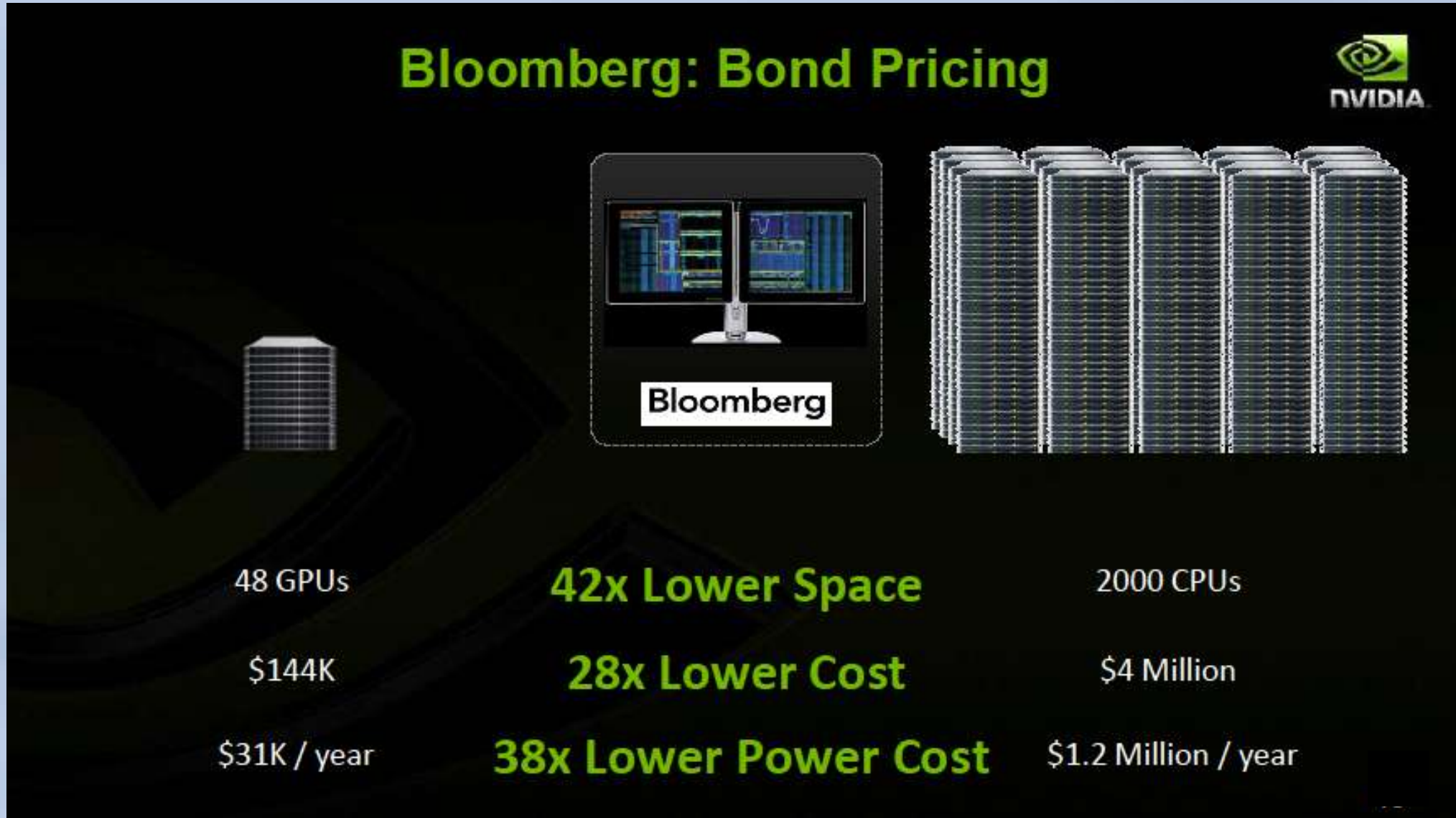
GPUdb in a box

- A big data object store and calculation engine that is accelerated with GPUs and other HPC many core hardware devices that enables big data analytics on the fly with streaming near real time data
- Calculate multi-dimensional algorithms with big data in sub-second time
- Native geospatial object support for big data visualization as a raster or video result
- High Performance Computing with commodity hardware costs
 - Order of magnitude performance gain compared to CPUs based clouds
 - Order of magnitude power reduction savings
 - Order of magnitude cost savings when compared to similar type of FPGA based big data stores while providing greater performance

GPUdb advantages in NoSQL space

- Orders of magnitude faster than relational and 'NoSQL' competitors
- Reduced development costs for data scaling and data analytics
 - GPUdb does not require complicated key sharding techniques that several of the major NoSQL players require such as MongoDB, Hbase, and Cassandra
- Vastly smaller power and space footprint for greater computational capability

Case Study: Procter & Gamble



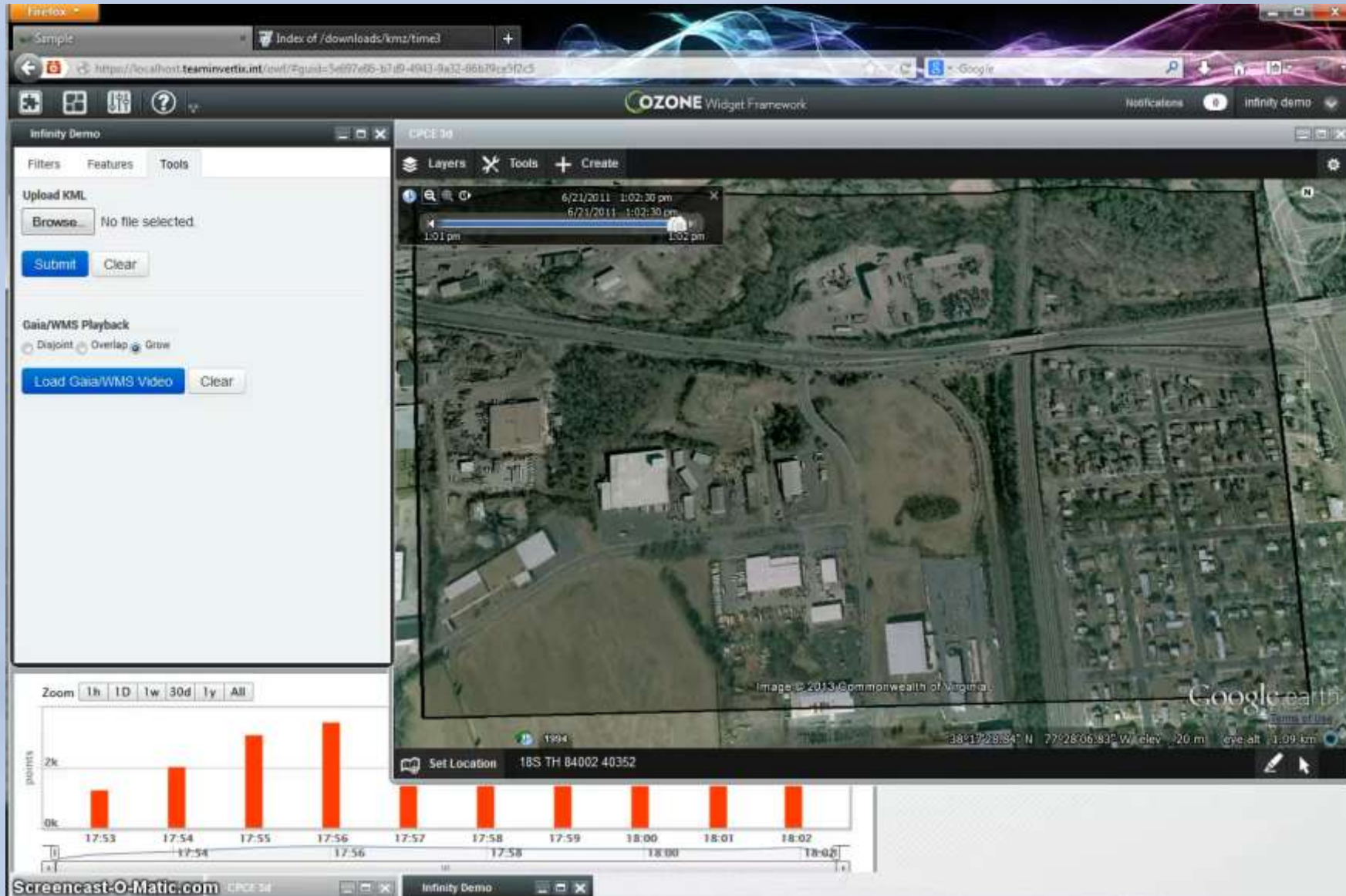
GPUdb Gandhi Cluster

- 5 node Gandhi Cluster Total \$5,040.00
- Single Gandhi Node \$1,008.00
 - 1U used server from EBay – \$869.00
 - 2x XEON HEX-CORE
 - 72GB RAM
 - 3TB HDD
 - 1x New NVidia 750Ti - \$140.00
 - 640 cores
 - 2GB VRAM

Able to filter and render over 5 Billion Tweets in seconds

On-the-fly Time Referenced Heatmap Video Generation

(Click Play)



The screenshot displays a web application interface for OZONE Widget Framework. The browser window shows the URL <https://localhost:teamviewer.net/inf/Equid=5607e66-b7d9-4943-9a32-86b79ca512c5>. The application features a sidebar with the following sections:

- Filters**, **Features**, **Tools**
- Upload KML**: Includes a "Browse..." button (No file selected), "Submit", and "Clear" buttons.
- Gaia/WMS Playback**: Includes radio buttons for "Dijoint", "Overlap", and "Grow", and a "Load Gaia/WMS Video" button (Clear).

The main map area shows a Google Earth overlay with a time slider for 6/21/2011, ranging from 1:01 pm to 1:02:30 pm. The map displays a residential area with a road and buildings. The bottom of the interface features a bar chart with the following data points:

Time	Points
17:53	~1000
17:54	~1800
17:55	~2500
17:56	~2800
17:57	~1000
17:58	~1000
17:59	~1000
18:00	~1000
18:01	~1000
18:02	~1000

The interface also includes a "Zoom" section with options for 1h, 1D, 1w, 30d, 1y, and All. The bottom status bar shows "Screencast-O-Matic.com" and "Infinity Demo".