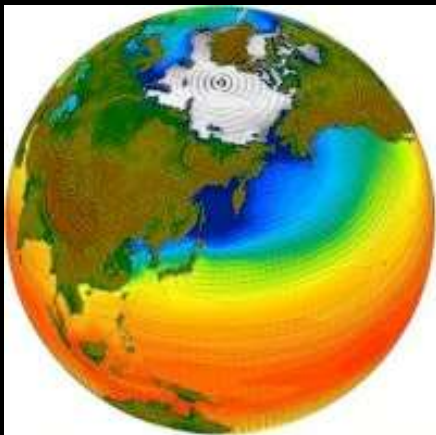


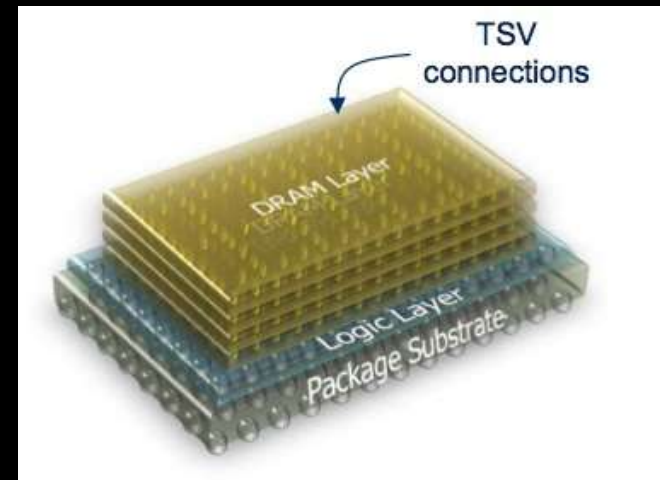
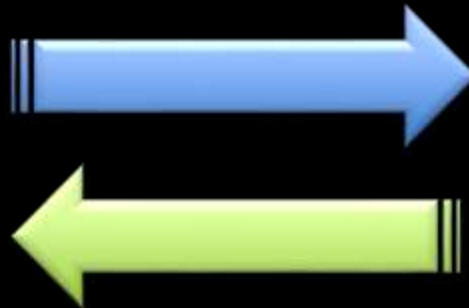
# Refactoring Climate Models for the Exascale

Dr. Richard D. Loft  
loft@ucar.edu

Computational and Information Systems Laboratory  
National Center for Atmospheric Research



Earth System Model



Future architecture:  
massively parallel and complex

# Outline

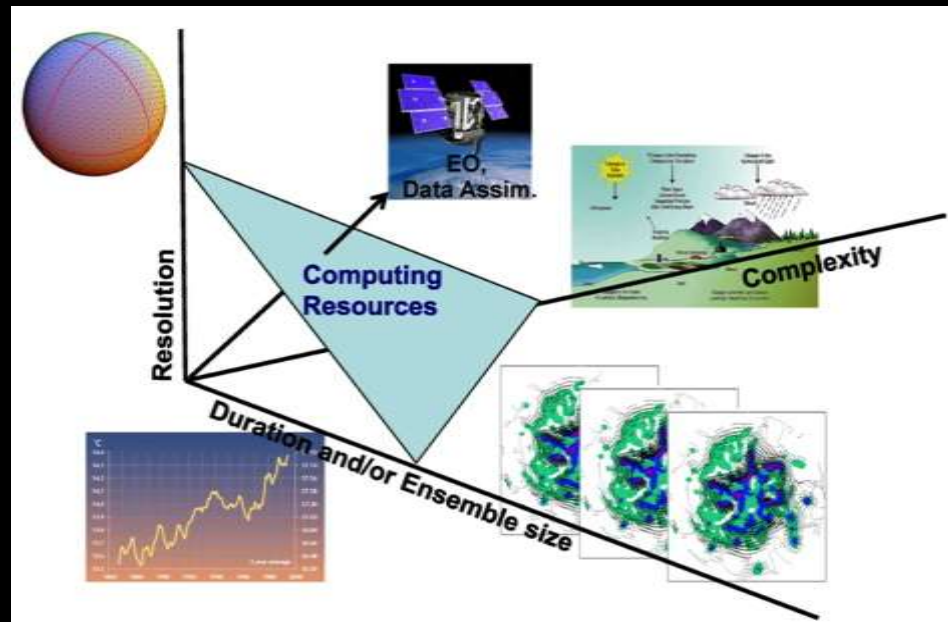
- What climate experiments need exascale?
- The performance gap
- A case study: more peak flops won't help
- Performance refactoring 1.5 million SLOC

# What will we run at exascale?

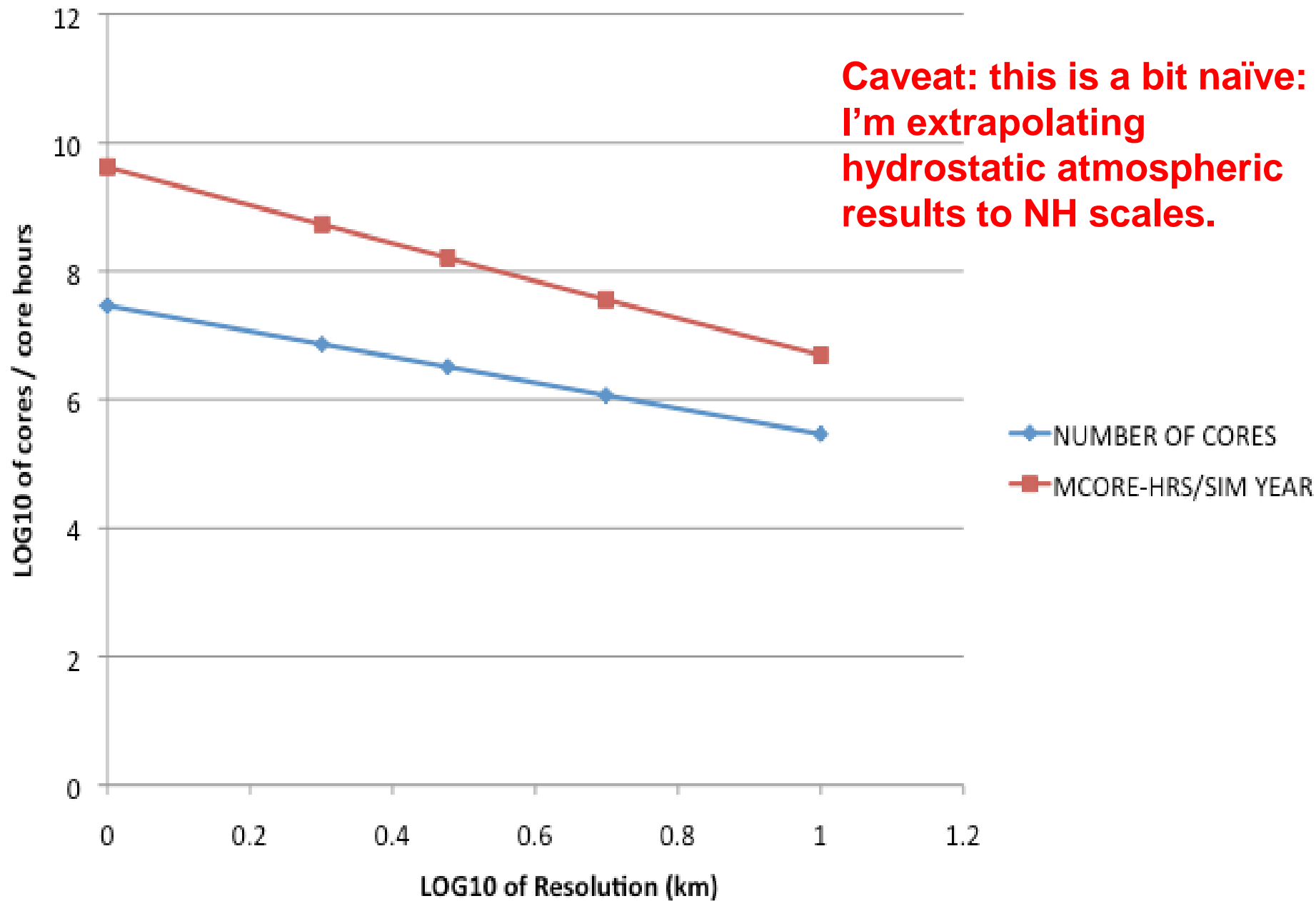
- **Single ultra high-resolution models**
  - Capture convective-scale (cloud) processes
  - Non-hydrostatic; 1 km resolution
  - Most vulnerable to a system component failure
- **Climate system data assimilation**
  - Study predictability on seasonal/decadal scales
  - Ensemble Kalman Filter is scalable but very data-intensive!
  - EKF can (in principle) be made fault resilient

# What will we run at exascale?

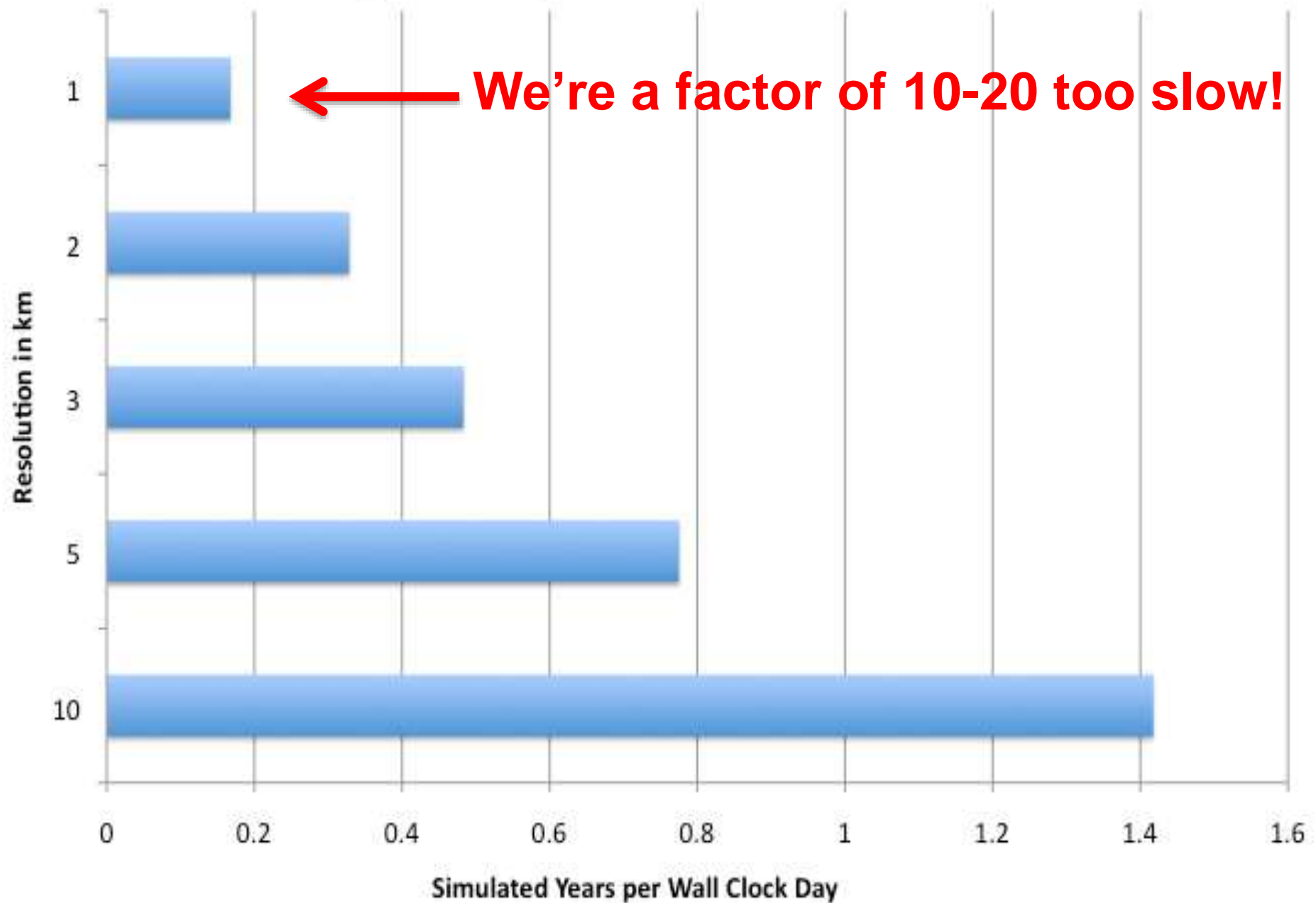
- Very large ensembles of “low-res” models
  - Study natural variability and extremes
  - Higher I/O per flop than high resolution
  - Free fault tolerance – resubmit failed ensemble members.



## Extrapolation of cost and parallelism: 10 km - 1 km

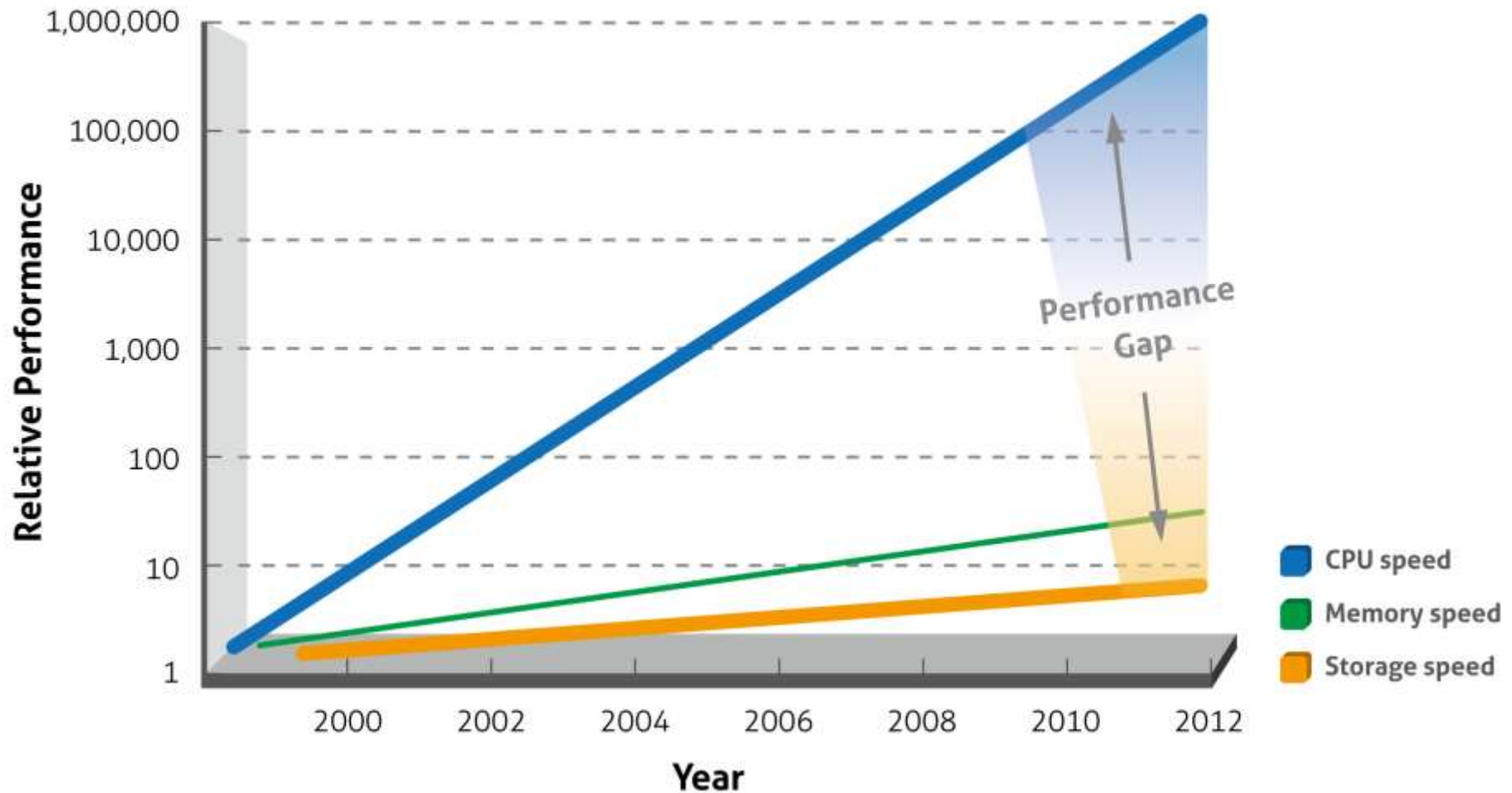


## Extrapolated Integration Rate vs Resolution



# the performance gap

## Technology Trend



# What can we do to make up the performance gap(s)?

- Better algorithms!
  - Local vs non-local
  - Some evidence that **simpler numerics is better**
- Better code!
  - Optimized for efficient use of scarce resources
  - Memory heirarchy, divides, SIMD vectorization



# What can we do to fill the performance gap(s)?

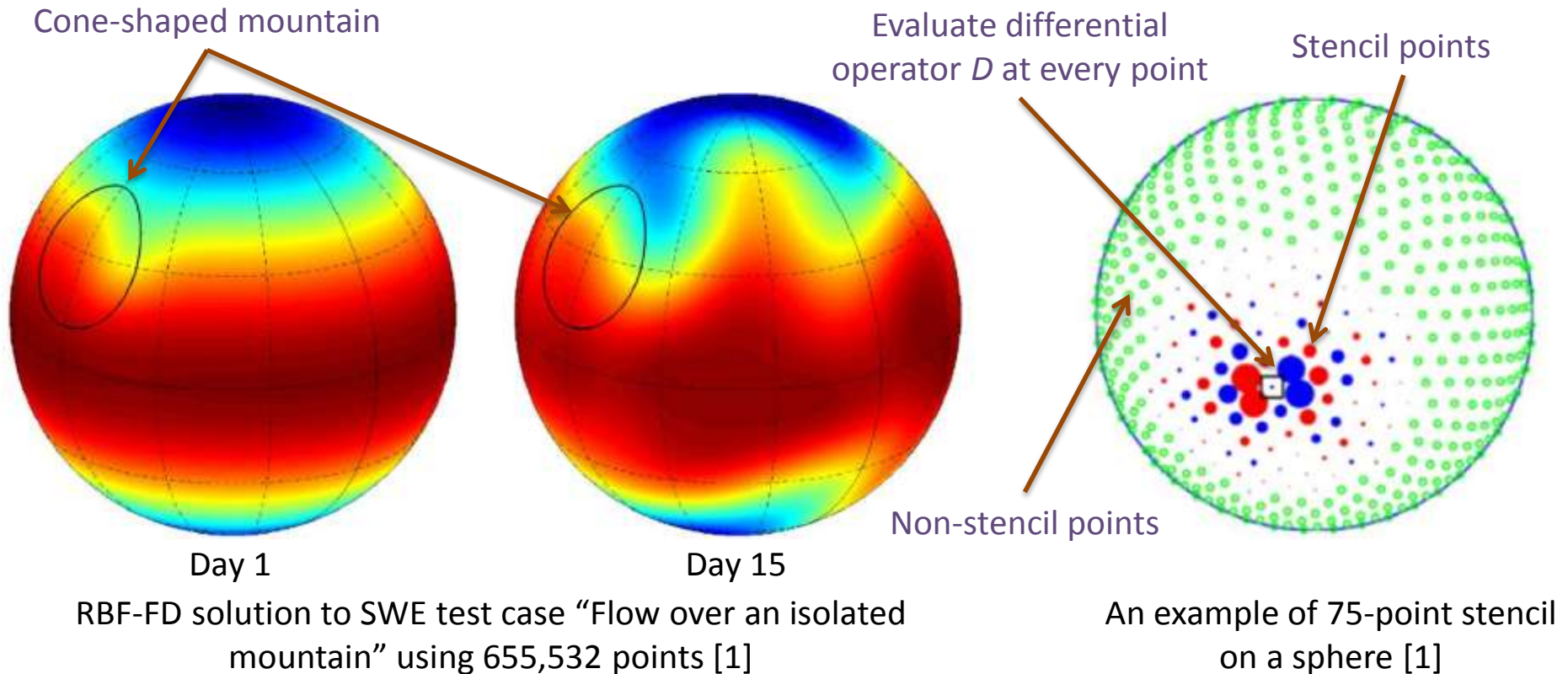
- More parallelism!
  - Nested data/task parallelism
  - Time parallelism
- Better hardware!
  - Faster memory (e.g. stacked)
  - Memory-like disk; disk-like memory
- Quit obsessing about flops!

# A simple illustration of why flops are not relevant...



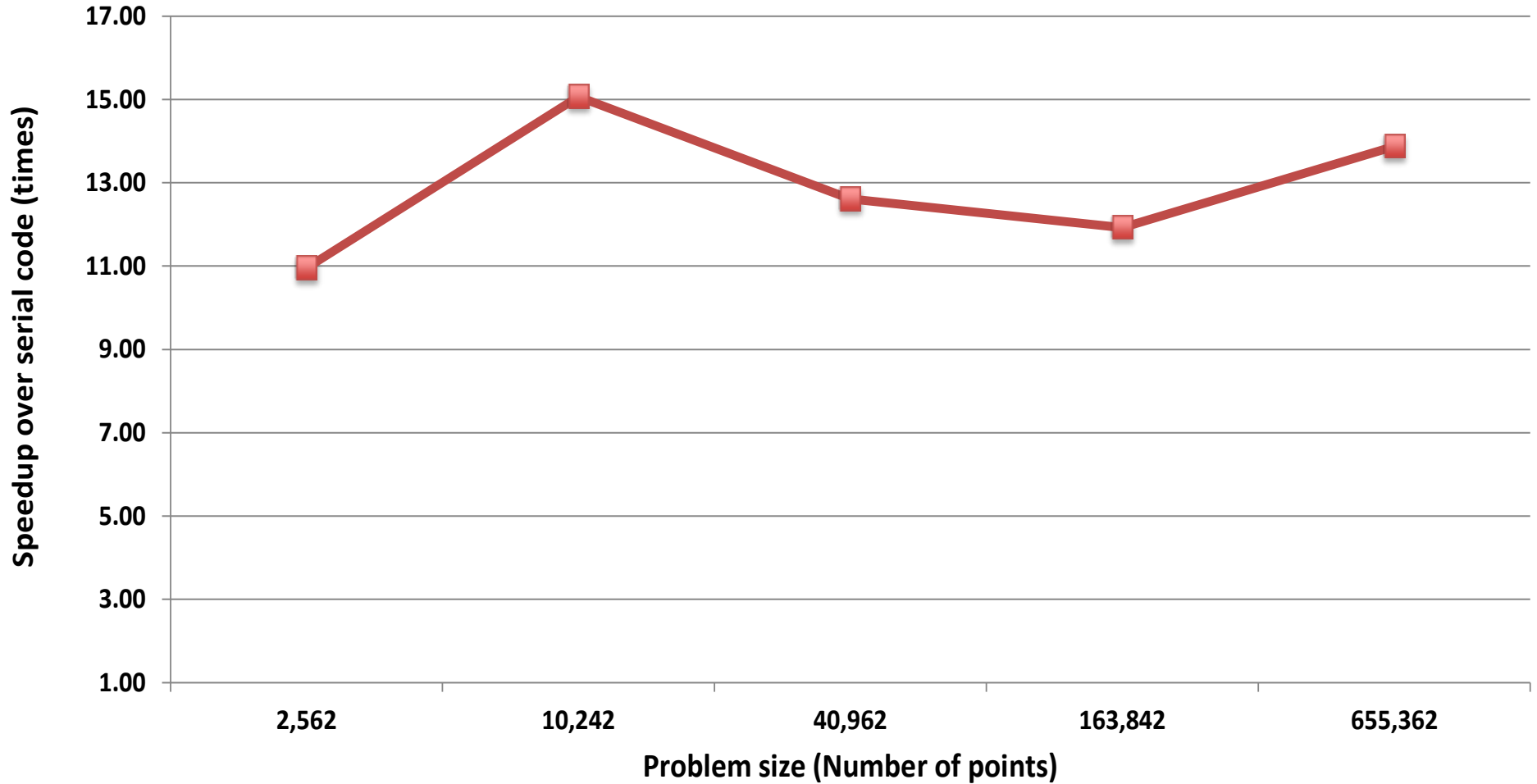
# Benchmark Problem

- Shallow Water Equations (SWE)
  - A set of non-linear partial differential equations (PDE)
  - Capture features of atmospheric flow around the Earth
- Radial basis function-generated finite difference (RBF-FD) methods



# Best-effort OpenMP Implementation

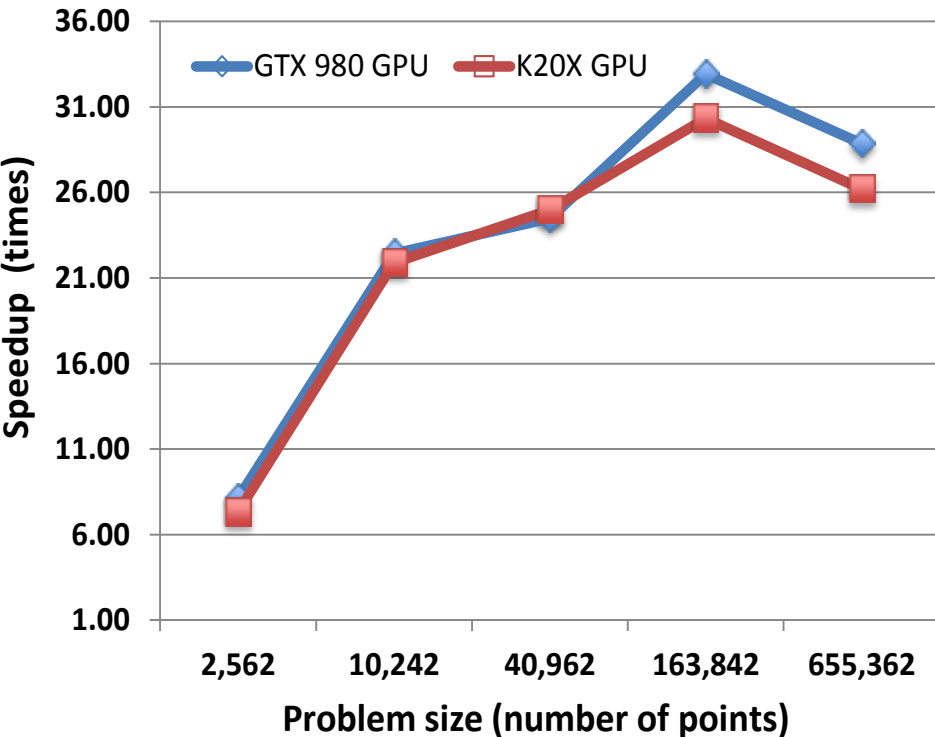
16 threads on 2 sockets



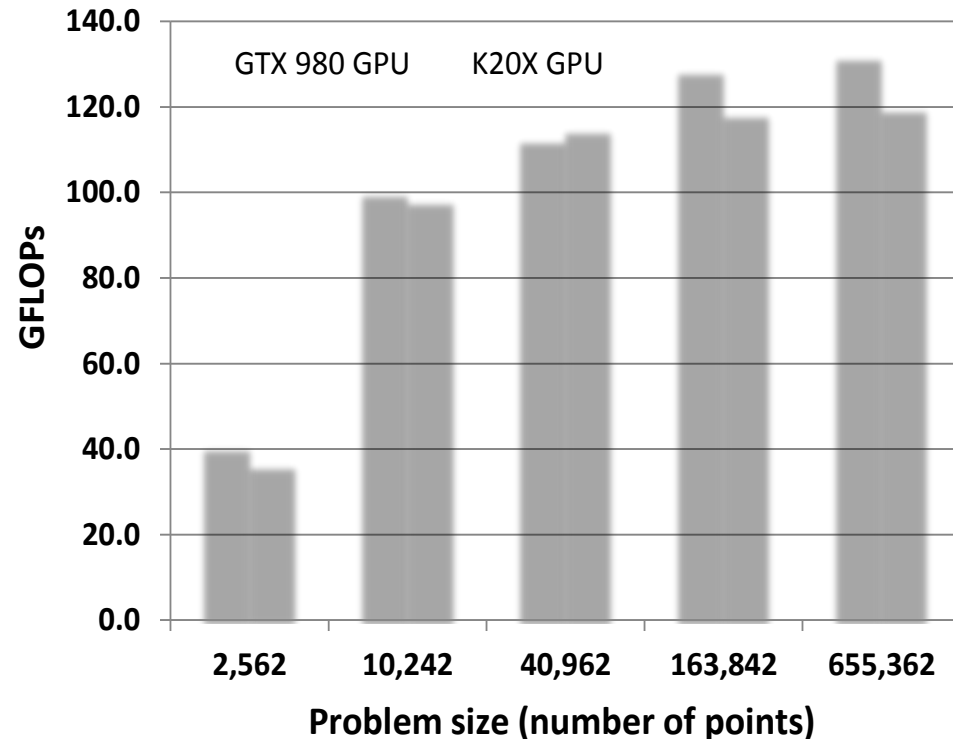
# More GFLOPs -> Faster?

	GTX 980 GPU	K20X GPU
Peak GFLOPs (double precision)	144	1310
Memory bandwidth (GB/s)	224	250
Market price (U.S. dollars)*	≈ \$500	≈ ~ \$3,000

### Speedup over serial code




### Actual GFLOPs



**More GFLOPs do not help unless we optimize memory access more aggressively!**

# A grossly unfair price performance comparison

- RBFs on dual GTX980 node \$25K/TFLOPS
- Yellowstone workload ~\$1M/TFLOPS
- Why are we so far off?
- System bandwidth ~6x
  - Dual Intel Xeon SB ~75 GB/sec
  - Dual GTX-980 ~450 GB/sec
- Production code inefficiency ~2x 
- Interconnect/Infrastructure overhead ~1.3x
- Remaining: ~2.6x reflects “real” GPU advantage

# Model efficiency

- CESM is 1.5 million source lines of code
- The **computational intensity** of CESM is well modeled by a simple **daxpy** operation:
  - $Y(:) = a * X(:) + Y(:)$
- **Socket bandwidth** is a critical parameter in determining its performance.

# Leaks in model performance

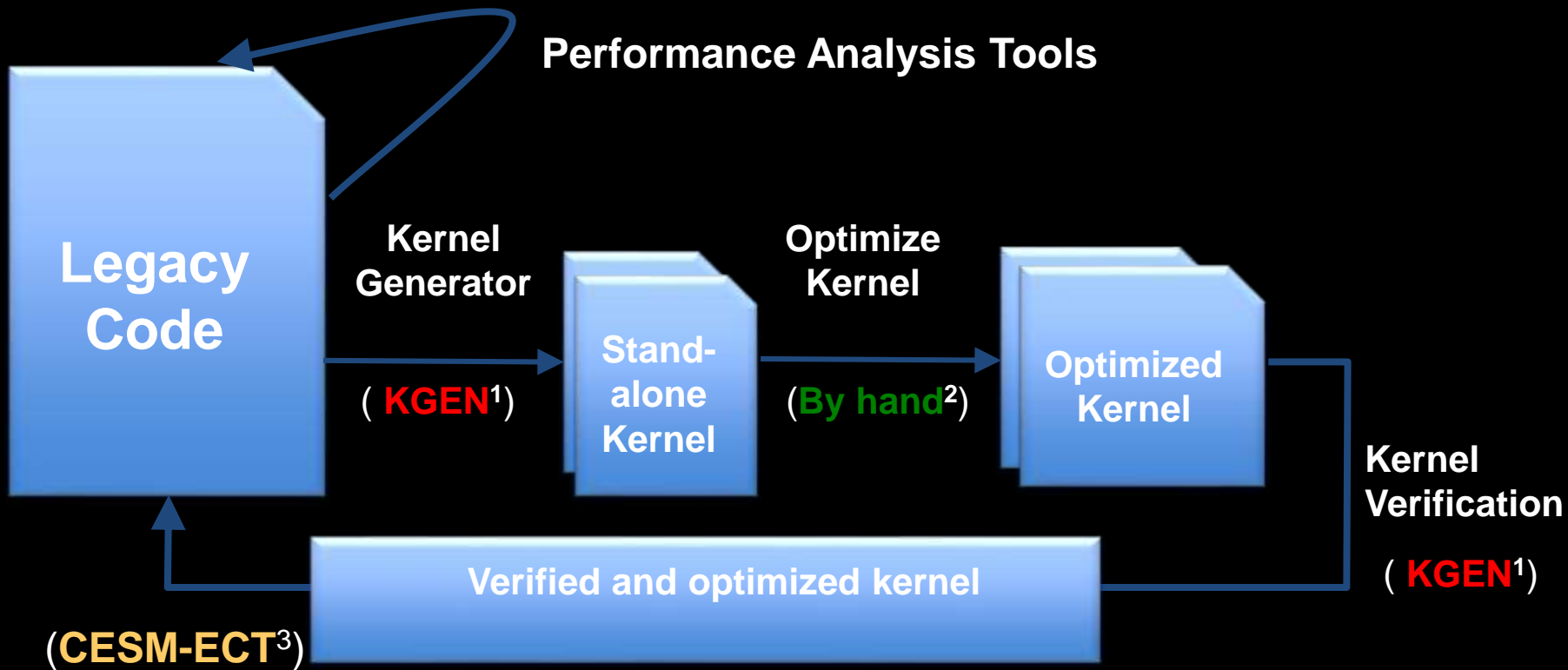




# Our approach to improving efficiency: catch and release

- Learn how to optimize code
- Diagnose the problem with profilers
- Capture the problematic routine(s) in an auto-generated kernel
- Optimize code/fix compiler bugs
- Validate results
- Release back into the wild

# Workflow for rapidly adapting code for many core architectures



**KGEN<sup>1</sup>**: Semi-automated Kernel Generator

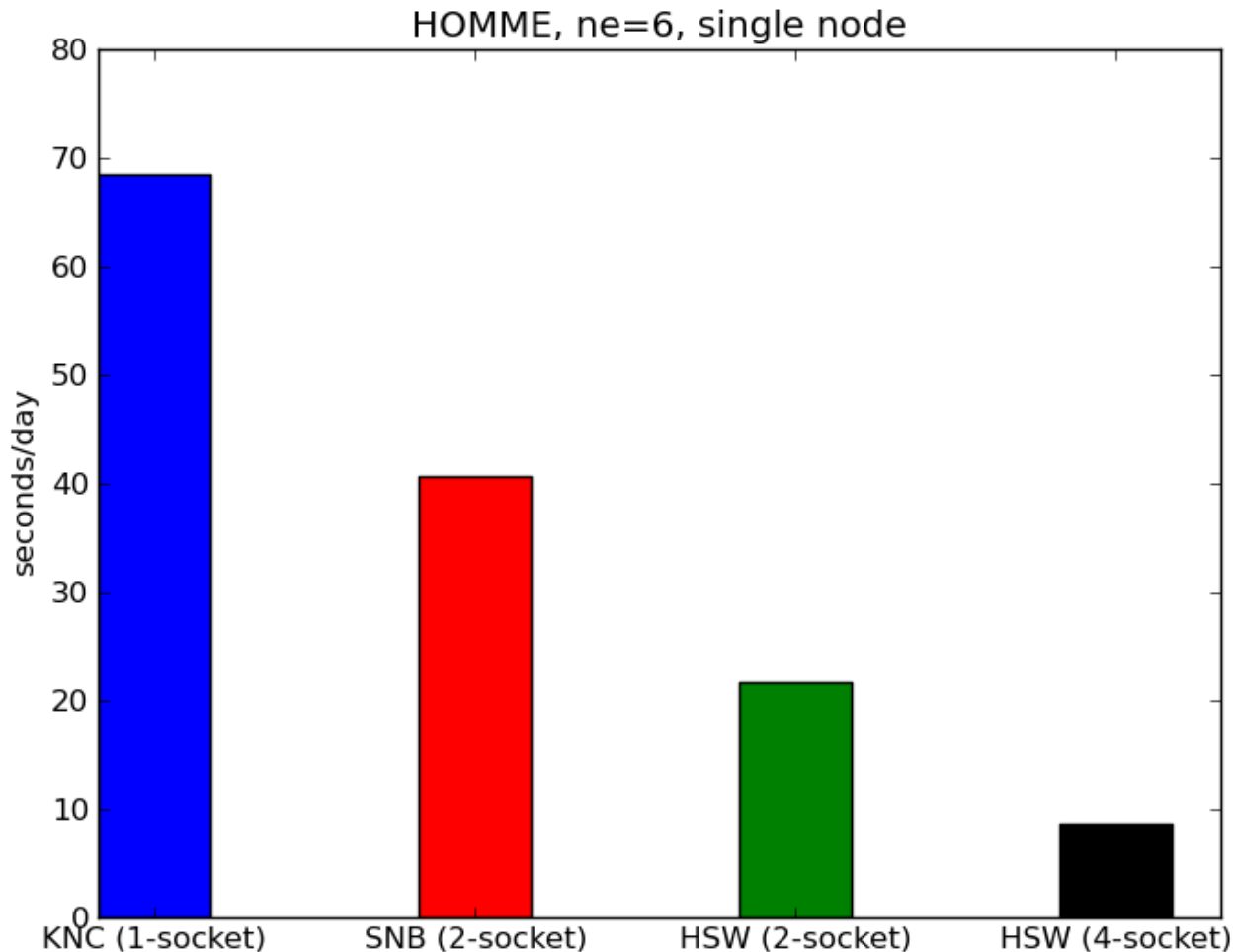
**By hand<sup>2</sup>**: Optimize & work with vendors to fix compiler problems

**CESM-ECT<sup>3</sup>**: Verify CESM with Ensemble Consistency Test

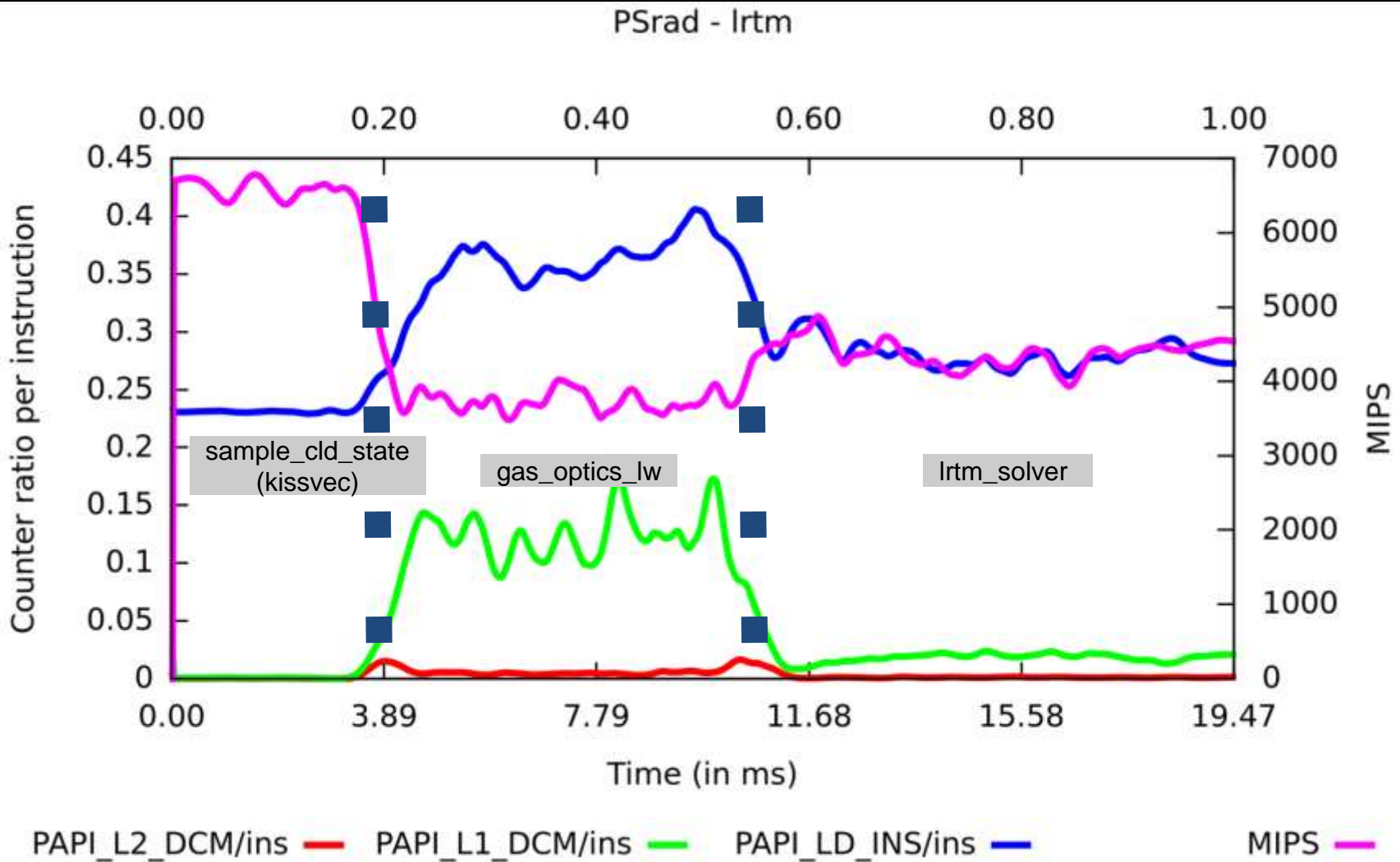
# Where is time going in the atmospheric climate component?

- Spectral element PDE solver (35%)
- Radiative transport (13%)
- MG2 microphysics (13%)
- Convection (11%)
- Other (28%)

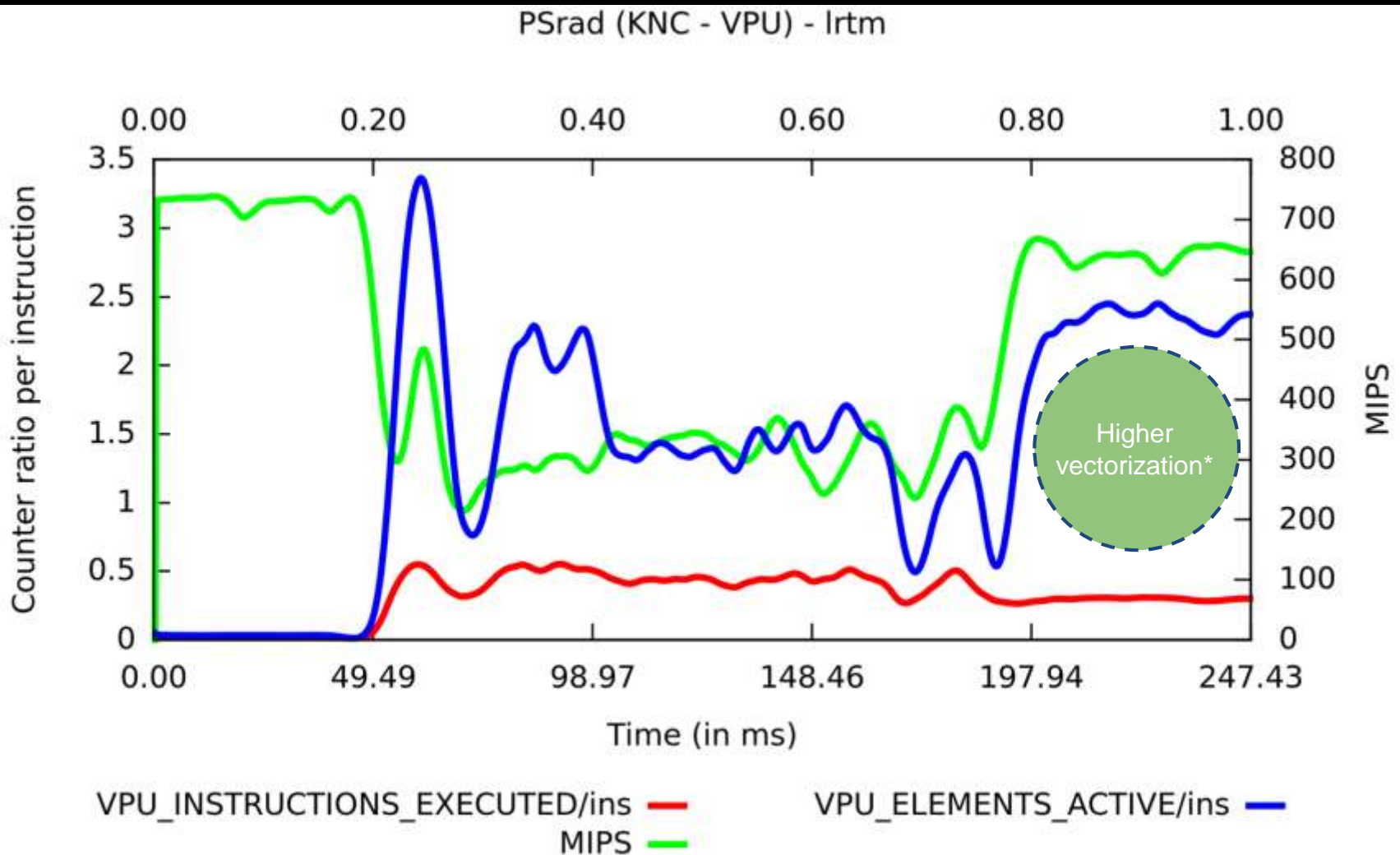
# State of optimization of spectral element PDE solver on Xeon and Xeon Phi



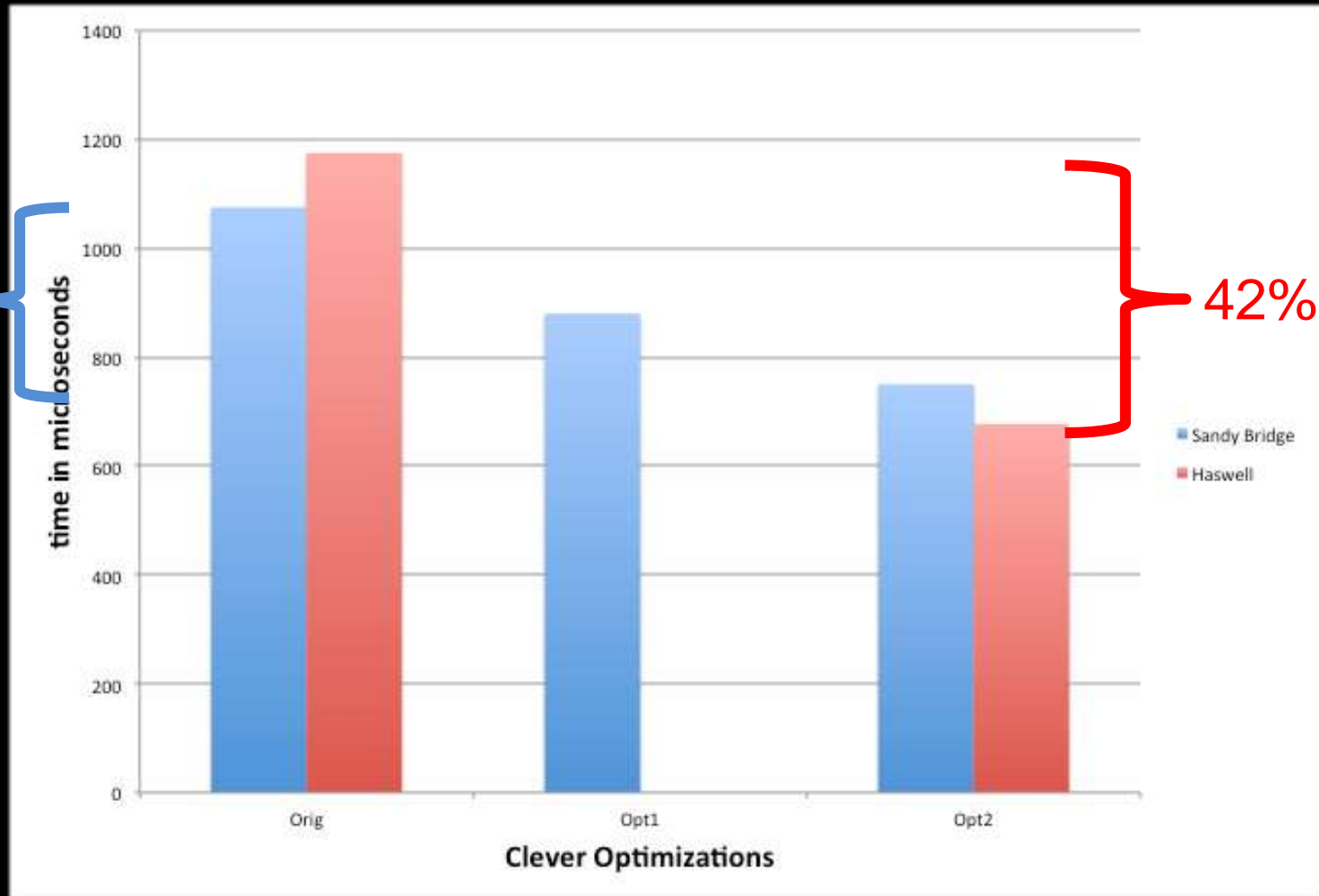
# 'EKG' of Radiation Code Memory System Usage



# 'EKG' of Radiation Code Vector Unit Usage



# Optimization of MG2 microphysics KGEN kernel on Intel Xeon



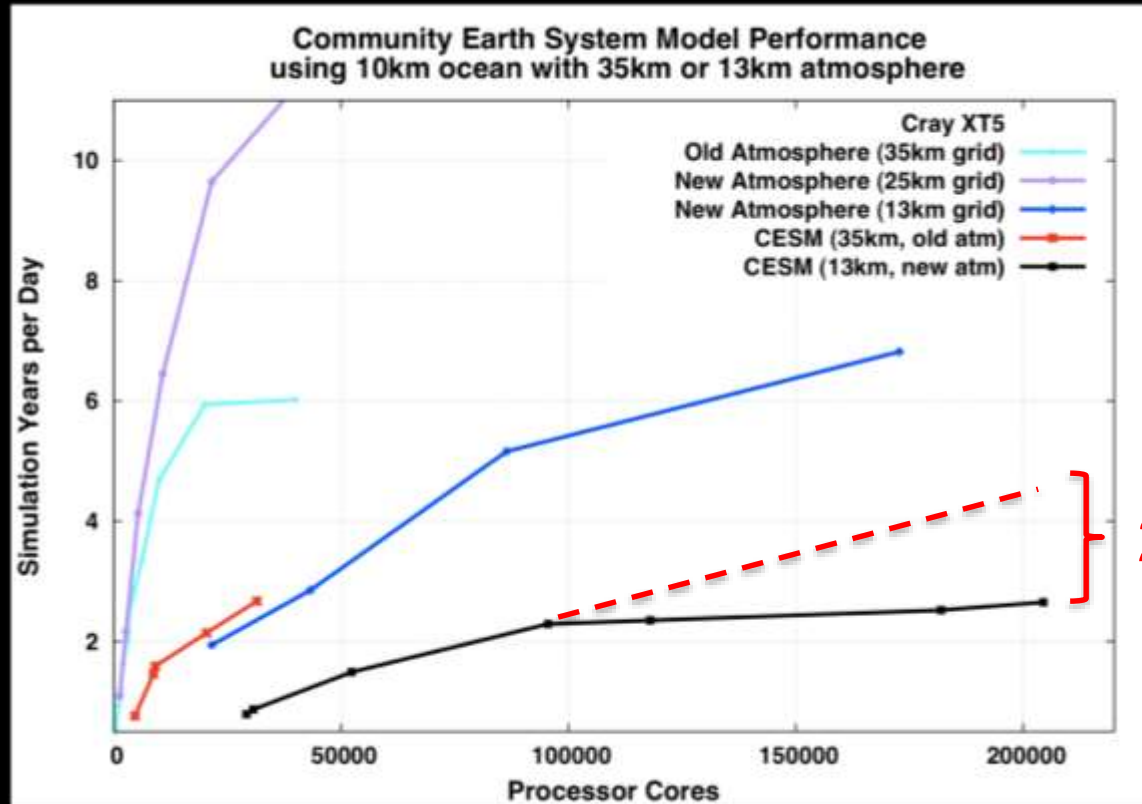
# Thanks! Question?

**Dr. Richard Loft**  
**NCAR**  
**loft@ucar.edu**  
**January 13, 2015**



# CESM Computational Performance

(courtesy of Pat Worley)

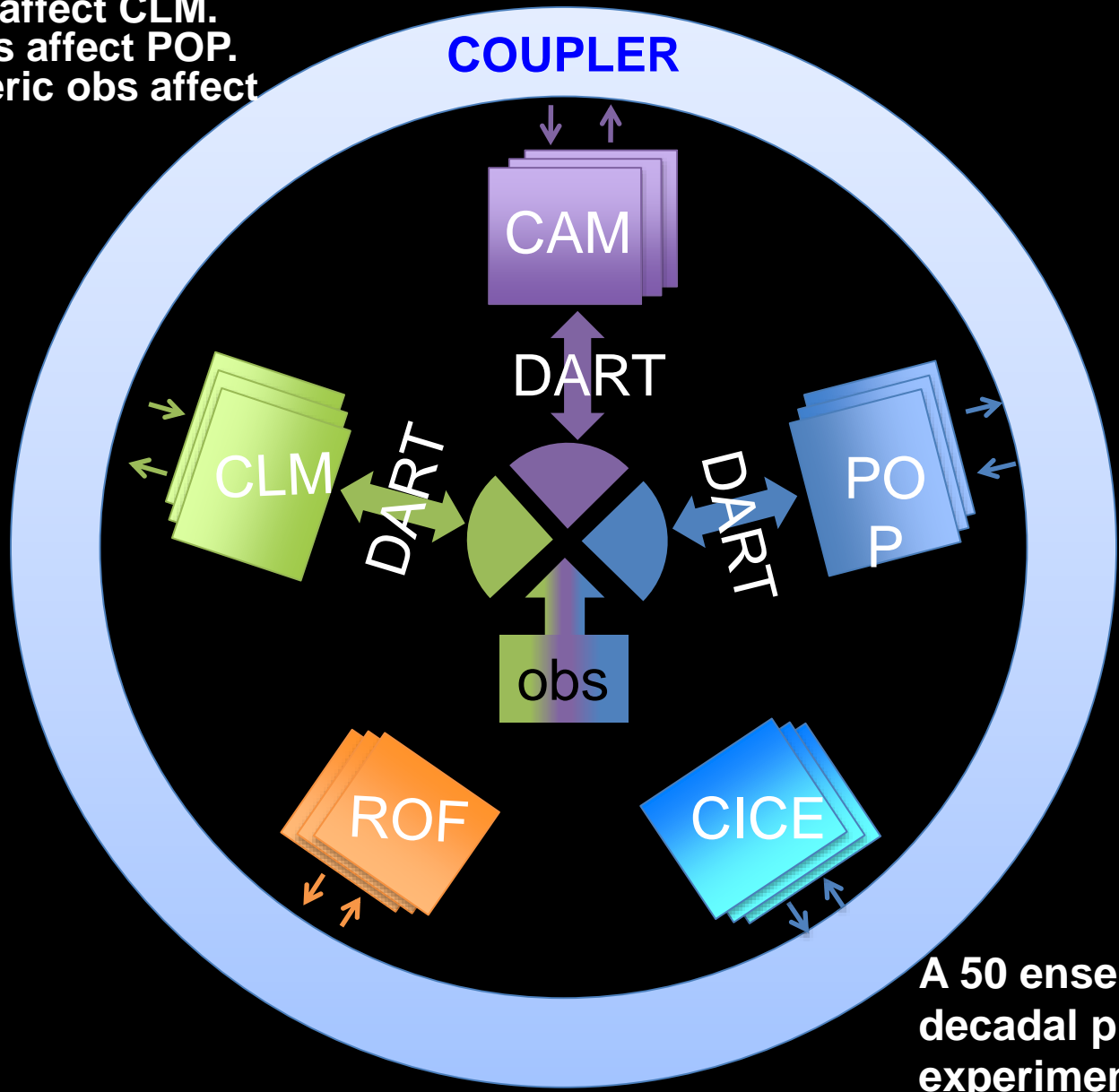


2x ?

Spectral element-based atmospheric dynamics permits scalable CESM performance at high resolution.  
Further improvements will require optimization of other components

# Climate Data Assimilation with DART...

- Land obs affect CLM.
- Ocean obs affect POP.
- Atmospheric obs affect CAM.



A 50 ensemble member decadal prediction experiment with CESM 0.1° needs  $O(10^6)$  cores