



# Update: HPC and Industry



Steve Conway  
HPC User Forum  
University of Oxford  
September 29-30, 2016

# Market Growth

## HPC Moves into Industry (Examples)



Government & Academic Research



Logos for various companies and organizations, including Ford, Morgan Stanley, P&G, NOVARTIS, GEICO, Baidu, Toyota, DREAMWORKS ANIMATION SKG, Walmart, facebook, BOEING, bp, SAMSUNG, PayPal, MERCK, VISA, MasterCard, DISCOVER, AIRBUS, Panasonic, PING, MAYO CLINIC, Genentech, UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE, and amazon.

1970

1980

1990

2000

2010

Today



# IDC Studies of HPC in Industry Began 15 Years Ago...

**WHITE PAPER**  
**Council on Competitiveness Study of Innovation, Competitiveness, and HPC**  
Sponsored by: DARPA, DOE, and Council on Competitiveness

**WHITE PAPER**  
**Council on Competitiveness and USC-ISI In-Dept Technical Computing End Users**

**SPECIAL REPORT**  
**NSF/NCSA Special Investigation of HPC Applications in Industry: Their Usage and Needs and the State of Art in the Science Underlying the Algorithms**  
Sponsored by: NCSA  
Earl C. Joseph, Ph.D. Steve Conway  
Chirag Dekate, Ph.D.  
August 2012

**IDC OPINION**  
IDC conducted this study on behalf of the National Science Foundation (NSF) and the National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. This study's primary goal is to better understand the root causes that limit the realism and performance of today's high-performance computing (HPC) applications and to solicit ideas for improving the applications' performance.

**SPECIAL STUDY**  
**IDC Strategic Analysis Of Saudi Aramco's Upstream HPC Operations and Strategy**

**SPECIAL STUDY**  
**IDC Special Study for GM: Comparing Large Automotive Site Usage of HPC for Advancing Automotive Design**  
Earl C. Joseph, Ph.D. Steve Conway

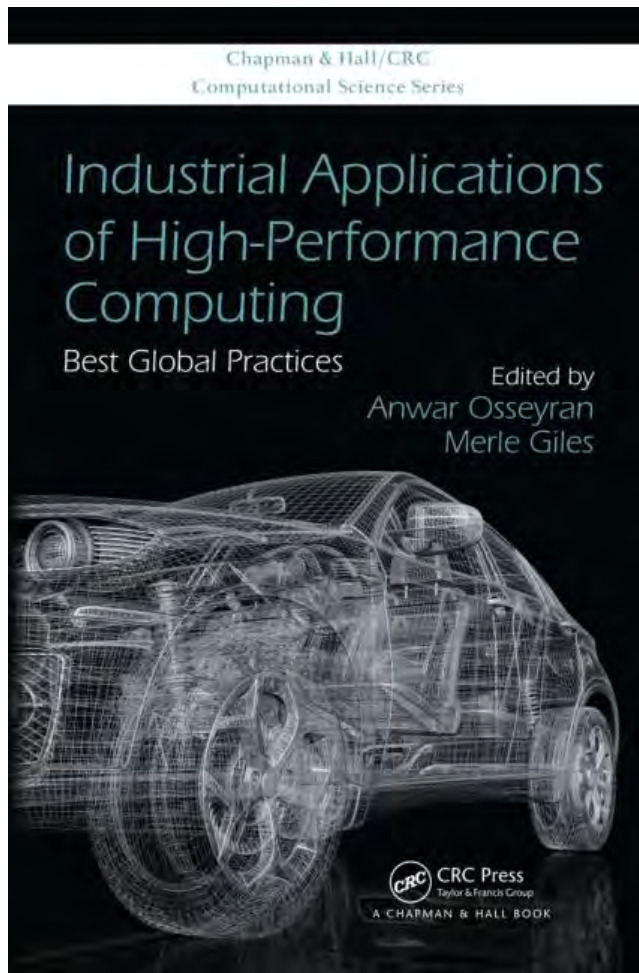
**High Performance Computing in the EU: Progress on the Implementation of the European HPC Strategy**

# Research in Progress



- **DOE:** 3-year global study on ROI related to HPC investments
- **NSF-NCSA:** global study on best practices in public-private HPC partnerships
- **Multi-client study:** annual global HPC/HPDA end-user study
- **Government:** in-depth study #2 on cyber security practices in the U.S. private sector
- **Government (multiple studies):** exascale initiatives around the world
- **Government:** study on algorithms used in high performance data analysis (HPDA)
- **Private:** HPC center user satisfaction and requirements
- **Private:** global study on the HPC market for cloud computing
- **Private:** global study on the HPC market for machine learning/ deep learning
- **Private:** global study on the HPC market for SMEs

# 2015 Book...



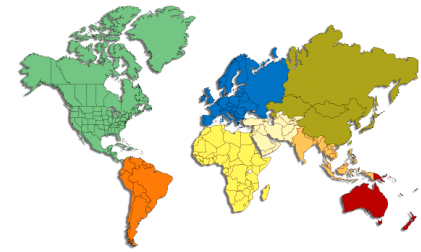
- **IDC contributed two chapters.**
  - Review of the global HPC community by country
  - Industrial use of high performance data analysis (HPDA)
- **We discussed the need for a study with NSF.**

# Best Practices in HPC Public-Private Partnerships

**New IDC Study for NSF/NCSA (2016)**



# Rationale for Global Study



- **NSCI tasks NSF to help "maximize the benefits of HPC for economic competitiveness and scientific discovery."**
  - NSCI Objective 5: ...ensure that the benefits of the R&D advances are, to the greatest extent, shared between the United States Government and industrial and academic sectors."
  - "Industry" means primarily commercial users, not HPC vendors.
- **Across the world, governments are asking national HPC centers to start/operate public-private partnership programs.**
  - Success is not easy – many centers have little experience with industrial/commercial users.
- **IDC asked to collect and analyze existing PPP practices—what has worked well, what has not. NCSA will put this in a larger perspective.**
- **Report will be published October 2016 – openly available**

# Interviewees and Questions



- National HPC centers worldwide (40)
- Industrial/commercial users of these centers (34)



- History of partnership
- Goals
- Funding
- Marketing (attracting industry)
- Satisfaction
- Recommendations

# National HPC Centers: Types of Relationships with Industrial HPC Users

**1: Science, No Industry**

**2: Science, Pls Bring Industry Collaborators**

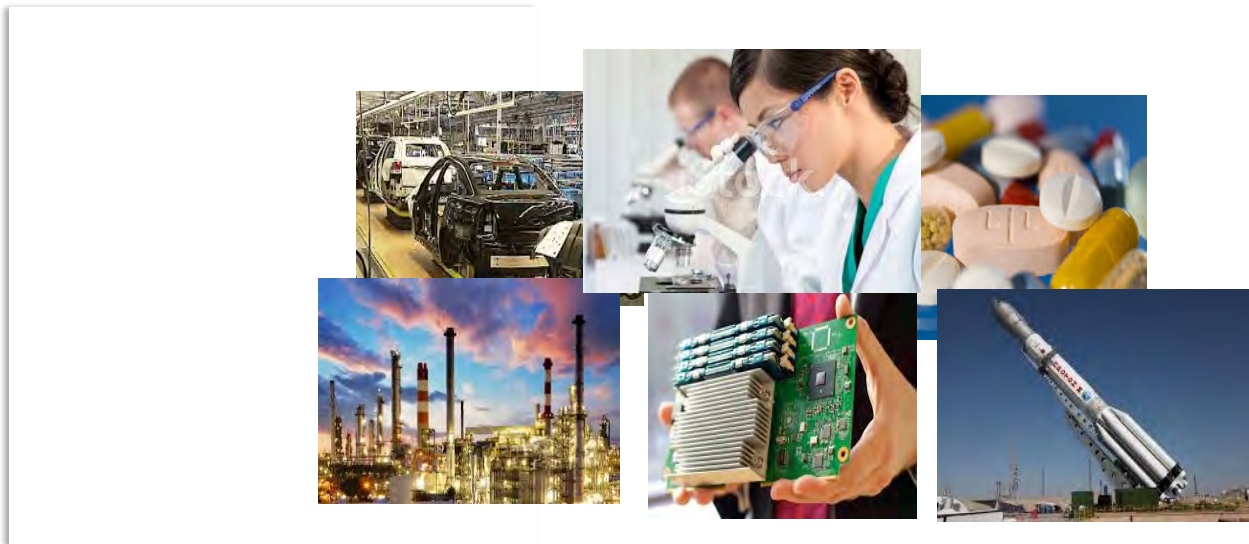
**3. Industry Allocations for Open Science**

**4. Industry Allocations, Proprietary Work**



# HPC Applications Used in Manufacturing: Factors Limiting Performance

## IDC Study for NSF/NCSA (2012)



# Executive Summary



- IDC conducted the study in 2012
- In-depth interviews + focus group
- 30 U.S. companies
- From 22 to 164,000 employees
- R&D expenditures: 3% to 45% of revenues.
- Average R&D investment 6.5 times more, as a % of revenues, than for all U.S. companies as a group



# Goals of the NCSA / NSF Study



- Document HPC applications the manufacturers are using
- Determine the scalability of these applications (number of cores).
- Identify the barriers preventing greater scalability
- Determine what methods the manufacturers are using to overcome scalability limits
- Recommend areas where additional investment could improve the scalability of applications, especially where investment could be leveraged to benefit both scientific and industrial HPC users.



# Research Methodology



- IDC conducted intensive interviews, in person or by phone, with individuals from 30 organizations who were selected for their known or assumed deep understanding of the attributes of key software applications in their areas of activity.
- These individuals came from a broad enough spectrum of industrial segments to be representative of the HPC-reliant industry sector as a whole.
- IDC convened a focus group in conjunction with our HPC User Forum held in Richmond, Virginia. Invited participants included noted experts in multiple fields of computational science and engineering.
- These individuals were also known to have a strong understanding of the relationships between their HPC applications and the science underpinning the applications.



# Executive Summary



- 15.5% - current applications would meet their requirements for the next 5 years.
- 38.9% - underlying mathematical model/algorithm needs to be improved.
- 31.2% - underlying science needs to be improved.
- 30% of the organizations named specific ways in which they now have to "dumb down" their problems in order to complete the runs in reasonable amounts of time
- 63% of the responses favored a high degree of involvement with NCSA/NSF in pursuing needed improvements.



# Executive Summary



**30% of the companies had to “dumb down” their problems to finish in reasonable times:**

- Use coarser meshes
- Employ fewer elements
- Not fully exploit the known science
- Employ fewer time steps or reduce the length of the investigated timeframe
- Run more costly physical experiments



# High Performance Data Analysis (HPDA) Market

## IDC Global Forecast (2015-2020)



# HPDA = Data-Intensive Computing Using HPC

## Drivers:

- Competition
- Complexity
- Time

## Modeling & Simulation

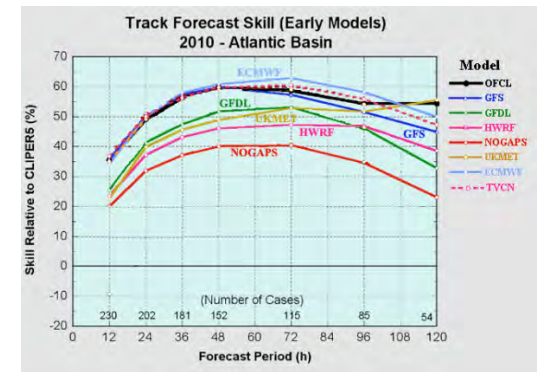
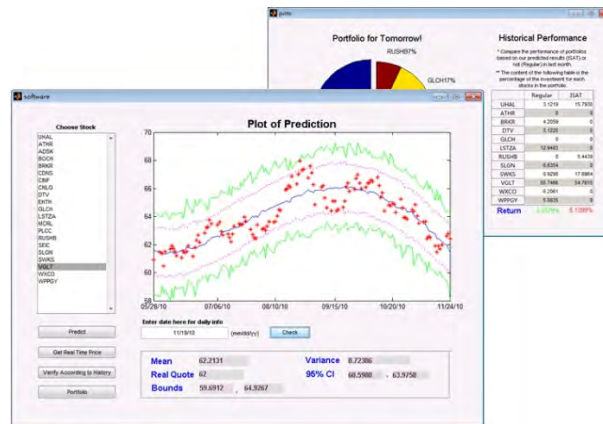
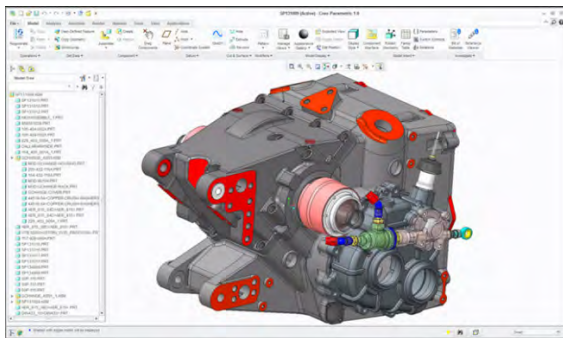
- Existing HPC users
  - Larger problem sizes
  - Higher resolution
  - Iterative methods
  - EP jobs to the cloud (Novartis)
- New commercial users
  - E.g., SMEs

## Advanced Analytics

- Existing HPC users
  - Intelligence community, FSI
  - Data-driven science/ engineering (e.g., biology)
  - Knowledge discovery
  - ML/DL, cognitive, AI
- New commercial users
  - Fraud/anomaly detection
  - Business intelligence
  - Affinity marketing
  - Personalized medicine

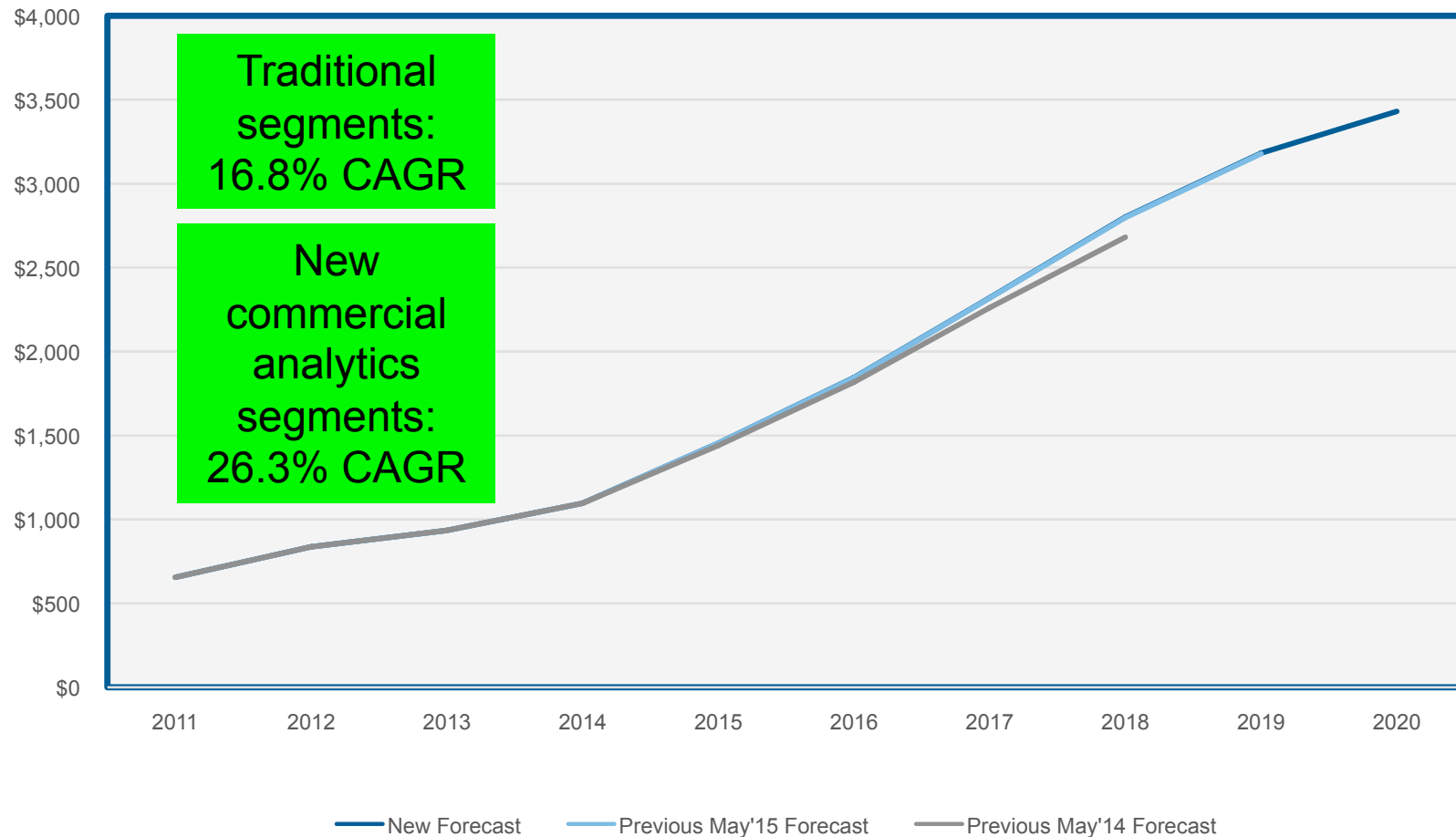
# HPDA Includes Cumulative Results of Iterative Methods

- Parametric modeling (product design)
- Stochastic modeling (financial)
- Ensemble modeling (weather/climate)



# HPDA Server Market Forecast to 2020

## HPDA Server Forecast Comparisons (\$ Millions)



# HPDA As a % of Total HPC Utilization (All Systems)

Of all the workloads on your systems, what percentage of your total system utilization is devoted to Big Data analytics (MapReduce/Hadoop, graph analytics, semantic analysis, etc.)?			
	Percentage of System in Government	Percentage of System in Academia	Percentage of System in Industry
Currently used for Big Data analytics - Percent	18.2%	8.4%	32.6%
Expected 6 to 18 months from now - Percent	19.8%	15.6%	33.4%
<b>N = 128</b>			

Source: IDC, 2015

# Where HPDA Workloads Are Run

## Type System Used for HPDA Workloads

	Number of Responses	Percentage of Respondents
We currently run these types of workloads on the same HPC system used for other types of workloads and we plan to continue as is for at least the next 6-18 months	56	52.8%
We currently run these types of workloads on the same HPC system used for other types of workloads but we plan to migrate them over to a separate HPC system or Big Data appliance within the next 6-18 months	25	23.6%
We currently run these types of workloads on a separate HPC system or Big Data appliance and we plan to continue as is for at least the next 6-18 months	26	24.5%
We currently run these types of workloads on a separate HPC system or Big Data appliance but plan to migrate them over to the same HPC system used for other types of workloads within the next 6-18 months	3	2.8%
Other	3	2.8%
<b>Total</b>	<b>113</b>	
<b>N = 106</b>		

Source: IDC, 2015





**PayPal**

***Leverages HPC and enterprise architectures to deliver HPDA for making real time business decisions.***

## ***Fraud detection in real time...***

Hybrid HPC and enterprise systems provide fraud analytics for safeguarding millions of transactions per day in real time. High volume, highly scalable and highly available.

12 Million+ logins / day

15 Million+ transactions /day

## ***Operations analytics in real time...***

Real time anomaly detection in correlated event streams minimize operational downtime and maximize customer satisfaction by using predictive analytics.

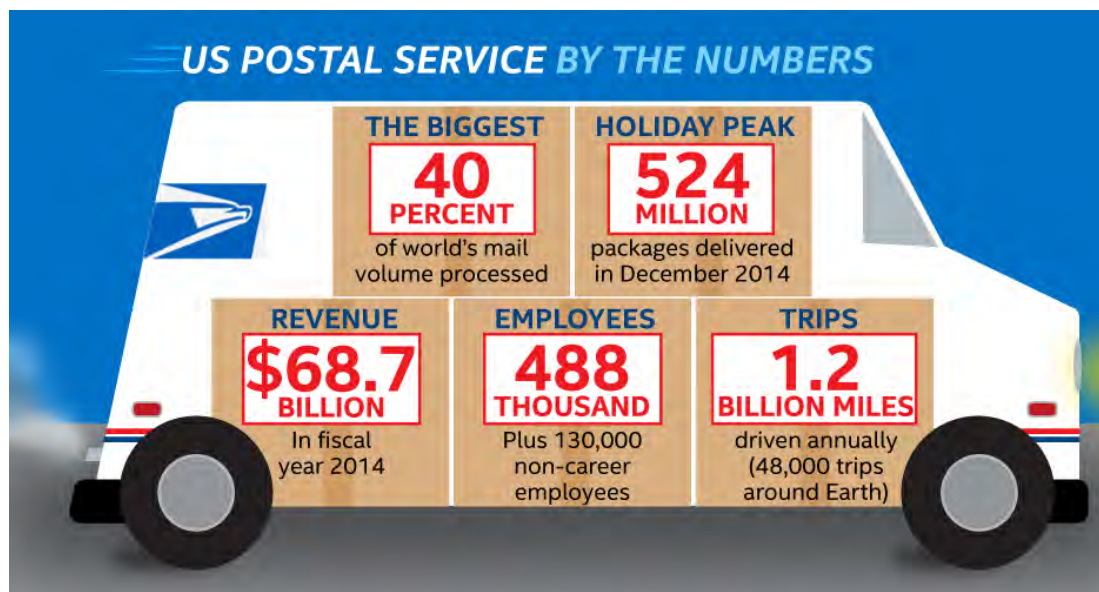
3 Million events / second

25 Tb of data ingested / hour

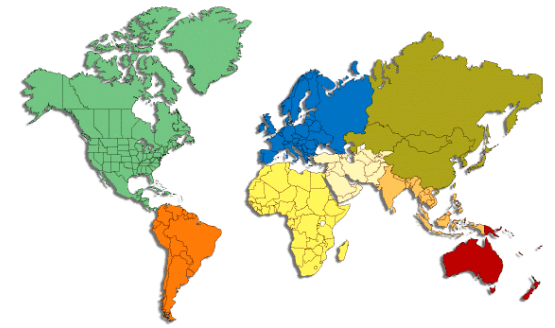
# Processing in Memory



- **USPS reports processing very large data sets in memory can boost performance up to 6 orders of magnitude:**
- **Processing outside of memory can cut performance:**
  - ~50% moving data from one blade to neighboring blade
  - ~67% moving data from top blade to middle blade in a rack
  - 25x moving data from top blade to bottom blade in a rack
  - Much more when moving data between racks

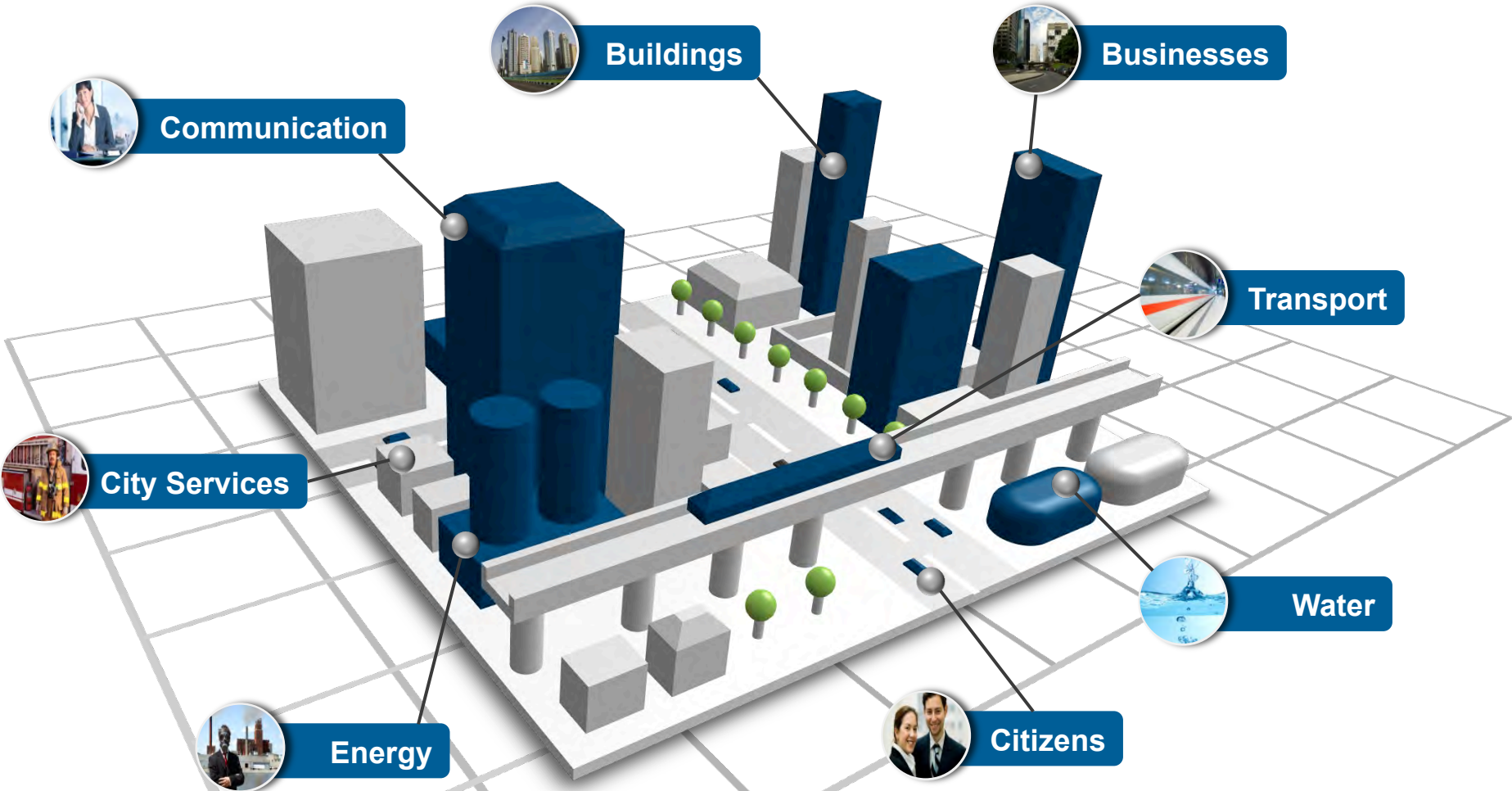


# HPDA Application Healthcare Innovations



- Hangzhou CognitiveCare-IBM Watson (China): cancer (21 hospitals)
- Childrens Mercy Hospital (U.S.): rare childhood diseases
- Mannheim Frauenklinik (Germany): childbirth
- Frédéric Joliot Hospital (France): PET scan tracer optimization
- University of Oslo (Norway): bowel and prostate cancer
- Lobachevsky State University of Nizhni Novgorod (Russia): 3D virtual clones of patients
- University of Toronto SickKids Center (Canada): genomic medicine
- Neuroblastoma and Medulloblastoma Translational Research Consortium, Michigan (U.S.)
- University of Rochester Medical Center (U.S.): infant seizures
- Ariana Pharma (France): long-term cancer case management
- Victor Chang Cardiac Research Institute (Australia): heart arrhythmias

# HPDA Application: Smart City



# HPDA Application: Internet of Things (IoT)

- IoT Network Management
  - Wellness
  - Security
  - China's IoT plan
- Dense local nodes
  - Driverless traffic
  - Smart power grid
  - IoT edge computing

